**What is the tartan rug telling me?**

The health profile or ‘tartan rug’ shows how each ward within Cheshire East compares with all other wards in England across a range of health indicators and outcomes. Although the rug only includes a limited number of indicators, it does provide an overview of local health need and a tool to aid discussions about local priorities. 

Green indicates that the area is better relative to other wards in England whereas red indicates that the area is worse.

**Nantwich Locality**

There are 5 wards in the Nantwich Locality. In 2015 52% was coloured green within the Nantwich Locality. This had reduced to 50% in 2017. In 2015 23% was coloured red, this reduced to 17% in 2017. Overall Nantwich Locality has improved compared to other areas over the two time periods.

**Crewe Locality**

There are 11 wards in the Crewe Locality. In 2015 32% was coloured green within the Crewe Locality. This had reduced to 31% in 2017. In 2015 53% was coloured red, this increased to 54% in 2017. Overall Crewe Locality has declined compared to other areas over the two time periods.

**Sandbach, Middlewich, Alsager, Haslington (SMASH) Locality**

There are 9 wards in the SMASH Locality. In 2015 52% was coloured green within the Crewe Locality. This had reduced to 46% in 2017. In 2015 24% was coloured red, this increased to 26% in 2017. Overall SMASH Locality has declined compared to other areas over the two time periods.
Congleton Locality

There are 3 wards in the Congleton Locality. In 2015 41% was coloured green within the Congleton Locality. This had reduced to 39% in 2017. In 2015 32% was coloured red, this reduced to 26% in 2017. Overall Congleton Locality has improved compared to other areas over the two time periods.

Knutsford Locality

There are 3 wards in the Knutsford Locality. In 2015 50% was coloured green within the Knutsford Locality. This had increased to 53% in 2017. In 2015 19% was coloured red, this increased to 26% in 2017. This indicates that the inequality gap is widening within Knutsford Locality over the two time periods.

Wilmslow Locality

There are 8 wards in the Wilmslow Locality. In 2015 65% was coloured green within the Wilmslow Locality. This had reduced to 60% in 2017. In 2015 21% was coloured red, this remained the same in 2017. Overall Wilmslow Locality has declined compared to other areas over the two time periods.

Macclesfield Locality

There are 9 wards in the Macclesfield Locality. In 2015 41% was coloured green within the Macclesfield Locality. This had reduced to 39% in 2017. In 2015 40% was coloured red, this reduced to 36% in 2017. Overall Macclesfield Locality has declined slightly compared to other areas over the two time periods.

Poynton Locality

There are 4 wards in the Poynton Locality. In 2015 64% was coloured green within the Poynton Locality. This had reduced to 63% in 2017. In 2015 13% was coloured red, this remained the same in 2017. Overall Poynton Locality has declined slightly compared to other areas over the two time periods.
Cheshire East

When the indicator data for all 52 wards within Cheshire East are considered, 48% of the tartan rug was coloured green in 2015 and 32% was coloured red. This reduced to 45% and 31% respectively in 2017. Overall Cheshire East has declined compared to other areas over the two time periods.

Some indicators have shown improvement, where there have been an increase in the percentage of greens and a decrease in the percentage of reds over the two time periods. These are: Emergency admissions age 0-4; Child development at age 5; Emergency admissions stroke; New cases -breast cancer; New cases -bowel cancer; New cases -lung cancer; New cases -prostate cancer; All new cancer cases; All deaths under 75.

Some indicators have declined between 2015 and 2017; this is where there has been a decrease in the percentage of greens and an increase in the percentage of reds. These are: Older people with low income; Deliveries to teenage mothers; A&E attendances age 0-4; GCSE achievement; Excess weight age 4-5; Excess weight age 10-11; Binge drinking (adults); Admissions for alcohol; Hospital stays for self-harm; Emergency admissions heart attack; Emergency admissions respiratory; Emergency admissions all causes; Cancer deaths under 75; Deaths from respiratory disease.

For other indicators there is an increase in both the percentage of green and red, this indicates that there is an increase in the inequality gap of this indicator. These indicators are: People with low income; Fertility rate; Low birth weight; Admissions for injury age 0-4; Emergency admissions hip fracture; Heart deaths under 75; All deaths all ages; Female and Male Life Expectancy.
Overall RAG status of indicators by locality is given below:

Nantwich - **Green**
Crewe - **Red**
Sandbach, Middlewich, Alsager, Haslington (SMASH) - **Amber**
Congleton - **Amber**
Knutsford - **Green**
Wilmslow - **Green**
Macclesfield - **Amber**
Poynton - **Green**

RAG status key used:
- **Green** = 50% or more boxes are green
- **Amber** = Picture is mixed. There are neither 50% or more red boxes or 50% or more green boxes.
- **Red** = 50% or more boxes are red.

Note: Indicators relating to demographic information are excluded from this comparison analysis. The ‘Long term unemployment’ indicator was also excluded as it was not available for the lower geographies in the November 2017 Local Health dataset.